Python Tuples

REVIEW: Python Collection Data Types

- •LIST elements in the list can change. The list contains the same data type.
- •TUPLE
- •SET
- DICTIONARY

Python Collection Data Types

- •LIST
- •TUPLE elements in the list cannot be changed. The list can contain mixed data types.
- •SET
- DICTIONARY

(Tuples) vs. [Lists]

(Tuples) are not immutable.

 Cannot Change, Add, or Remove Elements from the tuple. [Lists] are mutable.

 Lists can change.
 Elements added, removed or changed.

Tuple = (uses parenthesis)

tupleEmpty = () #Empty Tuple

tupleNum = (1, 2, 3) #Tuple with Integers

tupleString = ("apple", "banana", "cherry") #Tuple with Strings

#Tuple with Mixed Data tupleMix = (1, "Hello", 3.4)

Types

Tuple Examples

```
vowels = ("a", "e", "i", "o", "u")
```

```
tupleNum = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
```

```
tupleLang = ("Python", "PHP", "JavaScript")
```

Tuple – Examples

#Tuple with 1 element needs to end with, to indicate that it is a tuple.

Tuple – Can have mixed data types

• A tuple can have any number of items and they may be of different types (integer, float, [list], "string" etc.)

```
tupleMix = ("mouse", [8, 4, 6], (1, 2, 3))
```

Access Items in a Tuple – [Index number]

```
fruitTup = ("apple", "banana", "cherry")
```

```
print(fruitTup[0])
print(fruitTup[1])
print(fruitTup[2])
```

	0	1	2
fruitTup	fruitTup[0]	fruitTup[1]	fruitTup[2]
	apple	banana	cherry

Working with Tuples

```
tupleNum = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
tupleLang = ("Python", "PHP", "JavaScript", "Java", "Visual Basic")
```

METHOD 1: Traverse over a Tuple using a for loop

```
fruitTup = ("apple", "banana", "cherry")
```

for item in fruitTup: print(item)

item	0	1	2
fruitTup	fruitTup[0]	fruitTup[1]	fruitTup[2]
	apple	banana	cherry

Check if Item Exists in a Tuple – in keyword

```
fruitTup = ("apple", "banana", "cherry")

if "apple" in fruitTup:
    print("Yes, 'apple' is in the fruit tuple")
```

Slicing a Tuple – accessing certain elements in tuple

```
fruitTup = ("apple", "banana", "cherry", "orange", "kiwi", "melon","mango")
print(fruitTup[2:5])
```

Tuple Operations

- 1. Creating a Tuple
- 2. Accessing a Tuple Element use their index number (Negative Indexing)
- 3. Slicing a Tuple
- 4. Changing a Tuple Element cannot, tuples are not immutable (unchangeable).
- 5. Adding to a Tuple cannot, tuples are not immutable (unchangeable).
- 6. Deleting a Tuple Element cannot, tuples are not immutable (unchangeable).
- 7. Deleting an entire tuple only.
- 8. Check if Item in Tuple
- 9. Determine Tuple length