PRINT () FUNCTION – newline character (\n)

n – Newline character. Place anywhere to insert a new line.

OUTPUT:

This very long sentence extends all the way to the next line.

PRINT () FUNCTION – tab character (\t)

t – tab character. Place anywhere to tab.

```
print("This sentence tuses tabs.")
```

OUTPUT:

This sentence uses tabs.

PRINT () FUNCTION – multiline (use triple quotes)

#Enclose in triple quotes.

print("This is the first line and a second line and the third line")

OUTPUT:

This is the first line

and a second line

and the third line

PRINT () FUNCTION — Printing the value a variable is storing.

myAge = 21 print(myAge)

#what datatype is myAge

OUTPUT:

21

To combine STRINGS and NUMBERS, use COMMA.

myAge = 21 print("My age is", myAge)

#what datatype is myAge

OUTPUT:

My age is 21

To combine strings use the + concatenation operator

firstName = "Joe"

lastName = "Cruz"

Variable = value to be stored

print("My last name is " + lastName + " and my first name is " + firstName)

OUTPUT:

My last name is Cruz and my first name is Joe

*NOTE: Do not copy and paste the code from the slide.